Online Safety curriculum progression map

To meet the aim of delivering a variety of abstract concepts, we use guidance from the RSHE statutory guidance (DfE; 2019) and the Education for a Connected World framework (DfE; 2020), with the needs of our pupils in mind.

Health, Well-being & Lifestyle						
	Scheme A-	Scheme B-	Scheme C-	Scheme D-	Scheme E-	
Term 1	I can identify rules that help keep us healthy when using technology.	Knows why spending too much time using technology can sometimes have a negative impact on my physical and mental health.	Knows that some information online can be targeted at individuals and is a discerning consumer of online information.	Can recognise forms of harmful content online and understands the impact on wellbeing.	Can recognise forms of harmful content online and understands the impact on wellbeing.	
	-Knows devices that use the internet and the role of the internet in everyday lifeKnows that mental well-being is a normal part of daily lifeKnows about the importance of balancing time online to their mental wellbeingKnows about the benefits of rationing time spent onlineKnows why sleep is important.	-Knows about the benefits of rationing time spent online -Knows habits that may have a negative impact on their health and wellbeing (including pressures that technology can place on someone i.e. immediate response) -Know why sleep is important and the routines that contribute to good sleep patternsKnows strategies to minimise the negative impact on their mental and physical wellbeingKnows ways that technology can affect health and well-being positively (e.g. mindfulness apps).	- Can identify the positive and negative impact of sites/ apps that intend to promote positive well-being (i.e. wellness apps, fitness trackers, relaxation apps). -Can identify which health sites offer accurate and reliable information, and those that promote a product or agenda.	-Knows the risks associated with gamblingKnows that gambling online is age restricted and understands laws around this Knows strategies for managing peer and other influences relating to gambling - Can identify online content and / or groups that promote unhealthy coping strategies (e.g. suicide, eating disorders, self-harm) Knows how to report content which is promoting unhealthy or harmful behaviour.	-Knows that social media may disproportionately feature exaggerated or inaccurate information about situations, or extreme viewpointsKnows why and how this may influence opinions and perceptions of people and events	

Privacy & Security						
Term 2	Knows basic rules for staying safe online, including the importance of telling a trusted adult. -Knows about some online risks - Knows that they should seek consent before using online devicesKnows that social media, apps and some computer games are age restrictedCan identify some simple examples of my personal information -Knows that they should not share personal information onlineKnows who would be trustworthy to share this information with - Knows how to seek support from a trusted adult.	Knows how to safely manage personal information online. -Knows how to manage requests for personal information from others online why it is important -Can explain how passwords are used to protect information, accounts and devices. -Knows the features of a safe password. -Knows what they should do if a password is lost, stolen or forgotten. -Knows about the way that data can be shared and used online, including for commercial purposes.	Knows that someone may act differently online, including pretending to be someone they are not. - Can recognise more detailed examples of information that is personal to someone. - Knows why we should not share personal information with other people online. - Recognise things appropriate to share and things that should not be shared on social media - Knows that the same principles apply to online relationships as to face to face relationships. - Knows the risks associated with online friendships, including those whom they have not met. - Knows where to get support if they are concerned about their own, or someone else's personal safety online.	Knows ways in which some online content targets people to gain money or information illegally. -Can identify commercial content (e.g. pop-ups, spam emails) - Can identify simple strategies to manage such commercial content (e.g. pop-up blockers, junk folders, unsubscribing). - Is able to identify internet scams and phishing. - How devices can collect and share data about users with or without their knowledge. - How to make safe and secure online payments and why this is important.	Knows how to stop personal information about ourselves being shared online. -Know how we can protect passwords and data through two factor authentication - Know that any materials provided have the potential to be shared online and the difficulty of removing potential compromising materials placed online. - Know not to provide materials to others that they would not want shared further and not the share material that is shared with them. -Know what to do and where to get support to report material or manage issues online.	
Self Image & Identity						
Term 3	Knows what an online identity is.	Knows that someone's online identity may be different from their real identity.	I can identify types of pressure that people can feel when they are using social media, including on self image.	Knows ways in which online content can be shaped to target individuals.	Know ways that the portrayal of sex in the media and social media (including pornography) can affect people's expectations.	

-Know what images and videos can be

digitally manipulated (including deep

- Understand that how someone

fake technology).

- Know how online stereotypes

images can reinforce stereotypes

- Know that online content can be

shaped and targeted to influence

-Knows that specifically explicit

materials (including pornography)

can give a distorted picture of

sexual behaviour

- Knows what an online identity is.

- Knows some reasons why someone

may have a different online identity

- Knows that someone may look and

act differently online, including

-Knows ways in which people may

depending on what they are doing

(e.g. gaming, using an avatar and

change their identity online

screen name).

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- Knows issues online that could make anyone feel sad, worried, uncomfortable or frightened.
- Knows how and when to seek help from a trusted adult.
- Know that someone's online identity through the things that they post, may be different from their offline identity.
- -Knows that others may have an online persona that is different from their real life identity.
- Knows that people online may pretend to be someone else.
- Know risks associated with people online who you do not know in real life.
- Know that your own identity can be copied, modified or altered online.

presents their life online may be different from that in real life.

-Know the similarities and differences between the online world and the physical world, including the impact of unhealthy comparison with others online, including unrealistic expectations of body image.

body image, purchasing choices and behaviour.

- Know that social media influencers promoting products and lifestyles can be 'virtual' and not real life.

- Know ways in which the portrayal of sex in the media can negatively impact the way in which people see themselves.
- Understand the potential impact of the portrayal of sex in pornography and other media, including on sexual attitudes, expectations and behaviours.
- Knows the laws regarding online sexual content, including sharing and viewing indecent images of children.

Online Relationships and bullying

Term 4

Knows the importance of respect for others online.

- -Know ways that the internet can be used to communicate
- Know that we should seek consent from an adult before communicating online with others.
- Know ways that people can be kind online
- -Knows where they can get help if they are worried about the actions of others online.

Knows what cyberbullying is and the impact it may have on others.

- Know what communicating anonymously means.
- Knows some of the risks with communicating online.
- Know how to display respectful behaviour online, including when being anonymous.
- Know forms of hurtful behaviour online and know it is unsafe behaviour, including- teasing, name-calling, bullying, damaging others online property, sharing posts without consent.
- Knows that they should request permission before posting things about others online.
- Know how to report bullying and

Knows ways to safely respond online to people that they don't know.

- I can explain what it means to 'know someone' online and why this might be different from knowing someone offline.
- Knows some of the risks of people that they have never met.
- Know how to safely manage requests to communicate with people that they do not know offline.
 -Recognise signs that an online relationship is unsafe and know how to take steps to keep themselves safe.
- -Know how to safely manage requests to meet people that they do not know offline.

Understands that cyberbullying has a negative and long lasting impact on mental wellbeing.

- Understands that the same expectations of behaviour apply online and offline.
- -Can recognise forms of online abuse, including trolling and harassment.
- Knows some of the laws that govern online behaviour and bullying
- Knows some consequences of cyberbullying for the individual.
- Knows how to report abusive behaviour online
- Knows how to discuss and debate topical issues online with respect.
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Knows forms of online abusive and illegal behaviour.

- Can recognise warning signs of online abusive behaviour, such as grooming, exploitation, extremism and radicalisation.
- Knows how to report concerns about online abusive behaviour.
- -to assess the causes and personal consequences of extremism and intolerance in all their forms
- -to recognise the shared responsibility to challenge extreme viewpoints that incite violence or hate and ways to respond to anything that causes
- anxiety or concern

		the importance of telling a trusted adult.					
	Managing Information Online						
Term 5	Knows how to use the internet to access safe information. -Knows safe sites to be able to access information on the internet. -Can identify devices I could use to access information on the internet. -Can use simple keywords in search engines.	Knows that not all information online is safe. -Knows we can encounter a range of things online including things we like and don't like. -Knows that not all information online is real. -Knows that content on the internet may belong to other people. -Knows what voice activated searching is and how it might be used, and know it is not a real person. - Know how to get help from a trusted adult if we see content that makes us feel sad, uncomfortable worried or frightened	Know that not all information online is reliable. Knows the difference between a 'belief', an 'opinion' and a 'fact. Knows what is meant by the term 'stereotype', how they are reinforced online and how they influence how people think about others. Knows what fake news is- bias, fake pictures, misinformation/disinformation Can recognise fake news Knows how fake news may affect someone's emotions and behaviour, and explain why this may be harmful. Understand the terms 'influence', 'manipulation' and 'persuasion' and explain how someone might encounter these online (e.g. advertising and 'ad targeting' and targeting for fake news). Knows how to report inappropriate content online.	Know ways in which information online can be used to persuade opinions and beliefs. - Can navigate online content, websites or social media feeds using more sophisticated tools to get to the information I want (e.g. menus, sitemaps, breadcrumb-trails, site search functions). - Can use a range of features to quality assure the content I access online (e.g. hits, likes, comments). - Can explain why accurate information can be used in a false context to deliberately be used selectively to disinform. -I can explain and recognise how social media can amplify, weaken or distort the apparent strength, validity, or popularity of sometimes extreme ideas, beliefs or opinions, (e.g. an 'echo-chamber'). -That on any issue there will be a range of viewpoints; to recognise the potential influence of extreme views on people's attitudes and behaviours -strategies to critically assess bias, reliability and accuracy in digital content	Understand how someone's online reputation can be impacted. -Understands how 'liking', 'sharing' or 'forwarding' online content can change people's opinions of someone -I can explain how accusations of 'fake news' can be used to discredit the accurate reporting of real events. - Knows what 'deepfake' is and the negative impact, including 'deep fake pornography'.		

Copyright and Ownership						
Term 6	Understand that content online is owned by someone. -Knows that things online may belong to someone. - Knows that they should not use someone else's work from the internet without permission. - Knows content that they should not use without permission- video, music, images.	Know that we are not able to take content that is owned by someone else. - Knows what plagiarism is Knows how to identify content online that belongs to someone else Knows how to acknowledge sources that I have used from the internet (not yet completing a full citation) Knows how to protect my own work from copyright theft.	Understands the laws surrounding using online content. -Recognise that not everything online is free to use Knows what a citation isCan find the information needed to cite a source (not yet creating the citing themselves)Knows that some commercial online content can be downloaded illegally Knows the impact of legal and illegal downloading on those who create content and msyelf Knows what software licensing is.	Knows the key aspects of copyright law and how this relates to online content. -Knows what copyright is -Knows how to create and share content online, complying with copyright laws Knows how to accurately cite sources online Can follow a citation to find an online sourceKnow strategies for protecting their online propertyKnow what to do if someone steals	Knows laws regarding the ownership and distribution of explicit images. - Can explain what is meant by making and sharing explicit images and videos. - Knows laws relating to the possession and sharing of explicit images.	
				their online property.		